BRIDGE RESOURCE PROGRAM (BRP) RUTGERS HNTB NYU

22nd Annual NJDOT **Research Showcase**

Load Rating, Analysis, and **Monitoring of the Sagging Fascia** Girder of I287 Bridge over US202/206

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Background

Recently, it was reported a sagged posture of the east fascia girder in the center span of the 1287 bridge.



Objectives

Identify the potential causes of the sagging of the girder.

- Develop a detailed finite element model (FEM) ٠
- Install Weigh-in-Motion (WIM) and structural health monitoring (SHM) sensors to monitor the site-specific live load and response of the bridge.
- Load rating for the bridge based on the sitespecific live load model developed using the collected WIM data.
- Develop recommendations for the future actions

Preliminary Analysis: Load Rating and 3D FEM

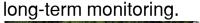
Preliminary load rating shows deficient RF for the Service Limit State II.

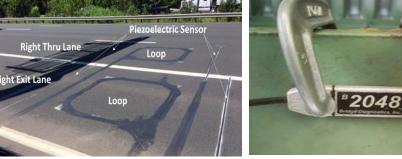
RFs	Inventory (HL-93)	Operatin g (HL-93)	
Flexure	1.07	1.39	
Shear	1.69	2.19	
Service	0.95	1.24	

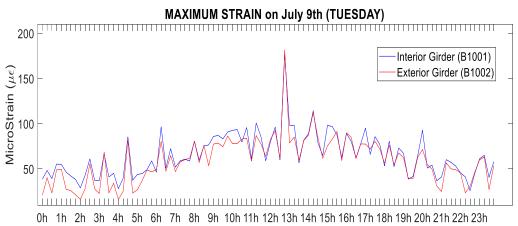
The tensile dead load stress in the fascia girder midspan increased 38% due to the extended overhang. The stresses do not reach the yielding stress, however the sitespecific truck traffic is needed.

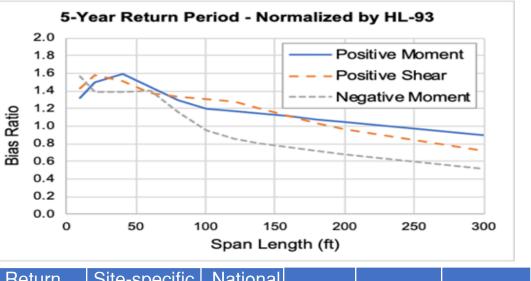
Weigh-in-Motion (WIM) and Structural Health Monitoring (SHM) Systems

WIM System was installed to monitor the traffic. It was found that 8.5% trucks was OW and 13% trucks violated FBF. SHM was installed for diagnostic load tests and









Return Period	Site-specific Bias Ratio	National Average		Inventory (HL-93)	Operating (HL-93)
1-Year (for Service II)	1.50 (Mom.)	1.35			
5-Year	1.59 (Mom.)	1.41	Flexure	0.91	1.23
	1.59 (Shear)	1.58	Shear	1.43	1.95
75-Year	1.73 (Mom,) 1.72 (Shear)	1.46 1.63	Service	0.87	1.12

Conclusions

- The exceedance of 1.3*HL93 moment effect is 5 times higher than the national average.

Recommendations

- girder.
- project

Large overhang causes overstress in the fascia girder.

8.5% are overweight trucks and 13% do not follow FBE B.

Bending moment of 1.24*HL93 causes yielding in the

fascia girder. It happened 11 times within 1 year.

Add steel cover plate in the bottom flange of the fascia

Add new girder or add new supplemental support Replace the existing parapet by a light-weight parapet. Acknowledgements: The authors would like to thank NJDOT Engineers, Ali Najem, Greg Renman, Xiaohua "Hannah" Cheng, Ankur Patel, and Mula Reddy for their assistance and technical as well as financial support on this