Local Safety Peer Exchange

A Municipal Perspective



General Statistics

- State DOT has jurisdiction on just 7% of roads in New Jersey / 66% volume
- Counties and municipalities maintain 35,000+ miles of roadways
 - In Mercer County, the County maintains 180 miles & Municipalities maintain 1,200+ miles
 - Princeton maintains 120 miles
 - 105 miles of sidewalks and pathways
 - West Windsor maintains 120+ miles

Princeton Statistics

Prior to 2013, Princeton was two communities: Borough of Princeton and Township of Princeton

| | Borough | Township |
|--------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Road miles | 20 | 100 |
| Speed limits | 25 and less | 25 - 45 |
| Population | 12,000+ | 16,000+ |
| Size | 1.8 sq. mi. | 16.5 sq. mi. |
| Density | 6,679 / sq. mi. | 1,010 / sq. mi. |

Former Borough Traffic Calming Program

Began in 1994

- Goals: Create safer roads, reduce speeds, don't shift traffic to other roadways
 - Neighborhood desires: Save trees, keep on-street parking

Former Borough Examples







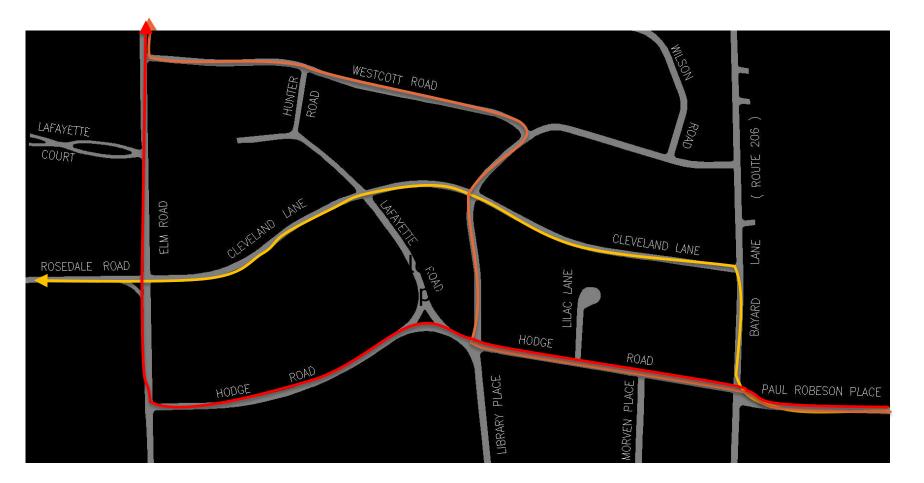




Hodge Road AADT and Speed (Avg / 85th Percentile)



Western Section Traffic Calming



Speed tables Speed humps Mini circles Realigned geometry Splitter islands Bumpouts - mid-block and intersections

Former Township Policy on Traffic Calming

Township Policy created in 2002 prohibiting speed humps (vertical deflections)

Sgt. Michael Henderson, Traffic Safety Officer, said that a significant number of people

would die due to delayed response of emergency vehicles from the humps in the roadways. Sgt.

Henderson also said that the police would be opposed to planting trees in the center of roads.

Greg Paulson, Princeton First Aid and Rescue Squad, said that the humps cause great

concern about impediments to response time. He also said that going over the humps was a

hazard to both the patients and passengers in the emergency vehicles.

As a result, the Traffic Safety Committee recognizes that there are (and will continue to be) some circumstances in which some kinds of traffic calming devices and policies will be, on balance, of benefit to the community at large. At the same time, the Traffic Safety Committee believes that the risk to emergency service workers, emergency vehicles, and the general public relating to the installation of speed humps, speed bumps, and raised traffic islands outweighs any benefits derived. The Township therefore prohibits the installation of these types of devices on municipal streets within Princeton Township.

Consolidated Princeton Traffic Calming -A Work in Progress

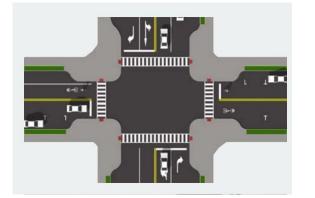
- Prohibition of vertical traffic calming sustained in 2013 after consolidation
 - Main issues and conflicts:
 - Overall citizen safety bike / ped and emergency response
 - Environmental increased emissions
 - Risk of lawsuits and municipal civil liability
- Reconsideration of the prohibition in 2017
 - Speeding is not going away
 - Volume is not going away
 - Curbing, striping, tree plantings and radar speed signs are not solving the problem
 - Bumpouts are not desired by bicyclists or Public Works

Princeton's Engineering Design Process

- Notify residents of upcoming project and request utility information
- Request sewer review and tree review by Public Works staff
- Complete the Complete Streets checklist
 - Gather police reports and identify if there are engineering solutions
- Prepare a conceptual plan
 - Review bicycle mobility plan, sidewalk master plan, and other reference documents
- Conduct a design neighborhood meeting
- Finalize design and award contract
- Conduct a preconstruction neighborhood meeting
- Big Question: How should the various transportation committees be incorporated into the design process?

Roadblocks





- Historic
- Loss of parking
- Constricted space
- Perceived loss of property value
- Tree removals
- Road maintenance issues
- Priorities
- Conflicts between ped needs and bicyclist needs
- The Squeaky Wheel



Reformulation of Transportation Committees

2017 NJDOT Complete Streets Design Guide Released Sustainable Jersey Complete Streets Action Items Updated

2013 Committees: Traffic & Transportation Traffic Safety Pedestrian and Bicycle Advisory

2015 Committees: Complete Streets Traffic Safety Bicycle Advisory Public Transit

2018 Committees? Complete Streets Reimagined Traffic Safety Bicycle Advisory Public Transit

2012 Complete Streets Policy Adopted 2017 New Circulation Element Adopted

The Road Forward



╶┈╍┈╧┅┈╗╽╗┩┉═┉┉═┆॑॑॑॑╡┩┉═╸┉

2017 State of New Jersey Complete Streets Design Guide

- Institute Complete Streets
 - 1. Build Your Complete Streets Team
 - 2. Establish Internal Review Procedures
 - 3. Training
 - 4. Inventory and review of planning and design documents
 - 5. Implement a Complete Streets Project

- Use Complete Streets Checklist and Road Safety Audits
- Use Safety Voyager to supplement police crash reports
- Reference FHWA Proven Safety Countermeasures





Intersections

Roadside Design Improvement at Curves



Enhanced Delineation and Friction for Horizontal Curves



Backplates with **Retroreflective Borders**



Medians and Pedestrian Crossing Islands in Urban and Suburban Areas



Corridor Access Management



Pedestrian Hybrid Beacon





Low Cost Countermeasures at Stop-Controlled Intersections



Median Barrier

Local Road Safety Plan

Safety Edge_{SM}



Dedicated Left- and **Right-Turn Lanes** at Intersections

Longitudinal Rumble Strips and

Stripes on **Two-Lane Roads**



Road Diet



Roundabouts







Road Safety Audit

- Ordinance design guidance documents
- Reformulate the Traffic Safety Committee to be a Staff-level Complete Streets Committee including Health and Human Services professionals
- Neighborhood Outreach in Concept and Preconstruction Phases
- Establish Criteria and Map of Potential Traffic Calming Locations

| Traffic Calming Criteria | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|----------|--------------|-----------------|--|
| | Points | | | | | |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | |
| Percent of speeding (5MPH above) | 10% | 20% | 30% | 40% | 50% | |
| Density of Housing (lot size) | 40,000cf | 30,000cf | 20,000sf | 10.000sf | >10.000cf | |
| Density of Housing (lot size) | 40,00051 | 30,00031 | 20,00051 | 10,00051 | >10,00051 | |
| Are there Sidewalks | 2 sides | | 1 side | | no sidewalks | |
| Volume of traffic | 500 VPD | 750 VPD | , | 2,000 VPD | 3,000 VPD | |
| | | | | | | |
| Other Criteria: | Proximity to Pedestrian destination | | | | | |

- Pilot fixes before they are built
- Participate in regional dialogues
- Find community champions to advocate for improvements
- Continue to evaluate modifications









Princeton's Design Process - Updated

- Notify residents of upcoming project and request utility information
- Request sewer review and tree review by Public Works Staff
- Complete checklist
 - Use Safety Voyager for crash data, then gather police reports and identify if there are engineering solutions
- Complete a road safety audit
- Prepare a conceptual plan
 - Review bicycle mobility plan, sidewalk master plan, and other reference documents
- Conduct a design neighborhood meeting
- Gain approval of the Traffic Safety Committee
- Pilot potential roadway changes
- Finalize design and award contract
- Conduct a preconstruction neighborhood meeting

QUESTIONS?

Deanna Stockton, P.E., Municipal Engineer Municipality of Princeton 400 Witherspoon Street, Princeton, NJ 08540 609-921-7077 x 1138 609-731-2625

Princeton Police Traffic Safety Bureau Lt. Geoff Maurer Sgt. Thomas R. Murray III Ptl. Michael Schubert Ptl. Michael Strobel 609-921-2100